

Module 2. Physics

		Level			
	Α	B1	B2	В3	
2.1 Matter	1	1	1	1	
Nature of matter: the chemical elements, structure of atoms, molecules;					
Chemical compounds;					
States: solid, liquid and gaseous;					
Changes between states.					
2.2 Mechanics					
2.2.1 Statics	1	2	1	1	
Forces, moments and couples, representation as vectors;					
Centre of gravity;					
Elements of theory of stress, strain and elasticity: tension, compression, shear and torsion;					
Nature and properties of solid, fluid and gas;					
Pressure and buoyancy in liquids (barometers).					
2.2.2 Kinetics	1	2	1	1	
Linear movement: uniform motion in a straight line, motion under constant acceleration (motion under gravity);					
Rotational movement: uniform circular motion (centrifugal/centripetal forces);					
Periodic motion: pendular movement;					
Simple theory of vibration, harmonics and resonance;					
Velocity ratio, mechanical advantage and efficiency.					
2.2.3 Dynamics					
(a) Mass	1	2	1	1	
Force, inertia, work, power, energy (potential, kinetic and total energy), heat, efficiency;					
(b) Momentum, conservation of momendum;	1	2	1	1	
Impulse;					
Gyroscopic principles;					
Friction: nature and effects, coefficient of friction (rolling resistance).					
2.2.4 Fluid dynamics					
(a) Specific gravity and density;	2	2	2	2	
(b) Viscosity, fluid resistance, effects of streamlining;	1	2	1	1	



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	Effects of compressibility on fluids; Static, dynamic and total pressure: Bernoulli's Theorem, venturi.				
2.3	Thermodynamics				
(a)	Temperature: thermometers and temperature scales: Celsius, Fahrenheit and Kelvin; Heat definition;	2	2	2	2
(b)	Heat capacity, specific heat;	-	2	2	1
	Heat transfer: convection, radiation and conduction;				
	Volumetric expansion;				
	First and second law of thermodynamics;				
	Gases: ideal gases laws; specific heat at constant volume and constant pressure, work done by expanding gas;				
	Isothermal, adiabatic expansion and compression, engine cycles, constant volume and constant pressure, refrigerators and heat pumps;				
	Latent heats of fusion and evaporation, thermal energy, heat of combustion.				
2.4	Optics (Light)	-	2	2	-
Natu	re of light; speed of light;				
	s of reflection and refraction: reflection at plane surfaces, reflection by crical mirrors, refraction, lenses;				
Fibre	e optics.				
2.5	Wave Motion and Sound	-	2	2	-
	e motion: mechanical waves, sinusoidal wave motion, interference nomena, standing waves;				
	nd: speed of sound, production of sound, intensity, pitch and quality, pler effect.				